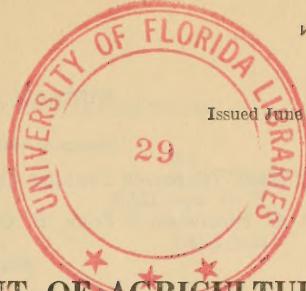


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Issued June 1936



# UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

## SERVICE AND REGULATORY ANNOUNCEMENTS

### BUREAU OF ANIMAL INDUSTRY

MAY 1936

[This publication is issued monthly for the dissemination of information, instructions, rulings, etc., concerning the work of the Bureau of Animal Industry. Free distribution is limited to persons in the service of the Bureau, establishments at which the Federal meat inspection is conducted, public officers whose duties make it desirable for them to have such information, and journals especially concerned. Others desiring copies may obtain them from the Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, Washington, D. C., at 5 cents each or 25 cents a year (foreign, 45 cents). A supply will be sent to each official in charge of a station or branch of the Bureau service, who should promptly distribute copies to members of his force. A file should be kept at each station for reference.]

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### CHANGES IN DIRECTORY

#### Meat Inspection Granted

†92. Mrs. Rubenstein's Food Products Corporation, 4123-29 West Grand Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

#### Meat Inspection Withdrawn

19-J. The Cudahy Packing Co., 55 Union Street, San Francisco, Calif.

122. Beck Provision Co., 882 Abbott Road, Buffalo, N. Y.

*From subsidiary.*—Conron Bros. Co., under establishment 1009, Aleck Brooks, Inc., New York, N. Y.

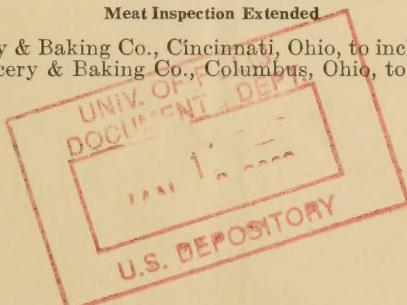
#### Meat Inspection Extended

296. Kroger Grocery & Baking Co., Cincinnati, Ohio, to include Wesco Foods Co.  
296-A. Kroger Grocery & Baking Co., Columbus, Ohio, to include Wesco Foods Co.

† No sealed cars.

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**Change of Mail Address of Official Establishment**

487. East Tennessee Packing Co., P. O. Box 200, Knoxville, Tenn., instead of P. O. box 1553.  
799. C. Swanston & Sons, P. O. box 893, Sacramento, Calif., instead of P. O. box 323.

**Change of Official in Charge**

- W. B. Fromer succeeds E. A. Boyer as laboratory inspector in charge at Omaha, Nebr.  
E. A. Boyer succeeds C. T. N. Marsh (deceased) as laboratory inspector in charge at Chicago, Ill.

**Note**

Arabi, La., enforcement Packers and Stockyards Act, has been discontinued as a substation of Montgomery, Ala. The work will be conducted by Dr. C. H. Horcher, New Orleans, La.

**NOTICES REGARDING MEAT INSPECTION****ANIMAL CASINGS FOR GREAT BRITAIN**

In the future only animal casings derived from animals slaughtered in official establishments, which have been handled in a sanitary manner and have not been treated with and do not contain any preservative, coloring, or other substance not permitted by the regulations, and which upon *examination* by Bureau inspectors are found to be fit for sausage containers, shall be exported to Great Britain.

Inspectors will satisfy themselves of the origin of the casings through affidavit of the exporter, and of the sanitary handling by examination of the premises and methods where the casings are prepared.

The containers of animal casings for Great Britain shall be marked with the regular export meat-inspection stamp, but the casings need not be certified to at the time of export.

**FACSIMILE OF LITHUANIAN MEAT INSPECTION CERTIFICATE**

The facsimile shown on page 49 represents the form of approved meat-inspection certificate for Lithuania which is acceptable under the provisions of B. A. I. Order 211 (revised), regulation 27, section 5, paragraph 6, regardless of the signatory, for meat and meat food products of a kind prepared customarily to be eaten without cooking, which contain muscle tissue of pork.

No.



**OFFICIAL MEAT-INSPECTION CERTIFICATE FOR PORK AND  
PORK PRODUCTS.**

**Place** \_\_\_\_\_ **Date** \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_

I hereby certify that the article or articles herein described are of a kind prepared customarily to be eaten without cooking, and contain muscle tissue of pork which, when fresh or freshly cured in salt, were subjected to a temperature not higher than 5° F. for not less than 20 days, or otherwise treated as specified by the Chief of the Bureau of Animal Industry, and that said articles contain no muscle tissue of pork which has not been treated as herein specified.

Kind of product	Number of pieces or packages	Weight

**Identification marks on meats and packages**

**Consignor**..... **Address**.....

**Consignee** \_\_\_\_\_ **Destination** \_\_\_\_\_

**Shipping marks** \_\_\_\_\_

Authorized veterinary surgeon of the Ministry of Agriculture.

## FOREIGN MEAT-INSPECTION OFFICIAL

Name and specimen signature of a foreign official who has been authorized by his national government to sign and issue meat-inspection certificates for meat and meat food products exported to the United States.

Country and name	Signature
Irish Free State E. F. Cunningham	E. F. Cunningham

ANIMALS SLAUGHTERED UNDER FEDERAL MEAT INSPECTION,  
APRIL 1936<sup>1</sup>

Station	Cattle	Calves	Sheep and lambs	Goats	Swine
Baltimore	8,126	(2)	(2)		(2)
Chicago	127,488	40,010	168,040		267,235
Cincinnati	11,850	10,936	(2)		51,415
Cleveland	(2)	(2)	(2)		29,224
Denver	10,675	2,607	26,949		18,572
Kansas City	50,861	29,547	95,559		119,348
Milwaukee	19,797	61,439	(2)		(2)
New York	26,756	55,556	215,893		
Omaha	68,895	7,013	90,523		84,718
Philadelphia	6,670	8,336	12,614		(2)
St. Louis	42,493	37,519	39,837		180,382
Sioux City	38,749	3,254	43,060		66,156
South St. Paul	65,859	58,625	18,588		110,867
All other stations	334,071	209,829	555,733	678	1,630,816
Total:					
April, 1936	812,290	524,671	1,266,791	678	2,558,753
April 1935	683,774	511,519	1,483,395	907	2,177,575
10 months ended—					
April 1936	8,659,548	4,763,573	14,795,130	50,497	23,187,453
April 1935	11,404,728	6,168,858	15,275,280	96,904	30,412,930
New York, Brooklyn, Jersey City, and Newark <sup>3</sup>	38,010	71,586	260,111		167,388

<sup>1</sup> Horses slaughtered:

April 1936	733
April 1935	1,471
10 months ended—	
April 1936	13,626
April 1935	16,804

<sup>2</sup> Included in "All other stations."

<sup>3</sup> The slaughter figures in this group of cities are included in the figures above for "New York" and "All other stations" and are combined here to show total in the Greater New York district.

Inspection of lard at all establishments, 81,225,803 inspection pounds; compound and other substitutes 41,581,379 inspection pounds; sausage, 64,601,797 inspection pounds; oleomargarine, 8,380,719 inspection pounds.

Corresponding inspections for April 1935: Lard, 63,140,124 inspection pounds; compound and other substitutes, 33,244,178 inspection pounds; sausage, 57,448,217 inspection pounds; oleomargarine, 8,691,240 inspection pounds.

(These totals of inspection pounds do not represent actual production, as the same product may have been inspected and recorded more than once in the process of manufacture.)

## Revised Figures, March 1936

Lard should read 82,512,814 inspection pounds; and sausage should read 60,985,353 inspection pounds.

**IMPORTS OF FOOD ANIMALS AND OF MEATS AND MEAT FOOD PRODUCTS, APRIL 1936**

The statements following show the imports of food animals and of meats and meat food products inspected by the Bureau of Animal Industry during April 1936 with figures for other periods for comparison.

*Imports of food animals*

Country of origin	Cattle	Swine	Sheep	Goats
Mexico-----	39,190			2
Canada-----	43,589	8,862	17	1
Virgin Islands (to Puerto Rico)-----	96	3		
Total:				
April 1936-----	82,875	8,865	19	1
April 1935-----	54,935	60	1,567	7
10 months ended—				
April 1936-----	372,784	38,618	5,655	49
April 1935-----	180,989	371	3,724	29

*Imports of meats and meat food products*

Country of origin	Chilled and frozen fresh meats		Canned and cured	Other products	Total			
	Beef	Other						
Argentina-----			Pounds	Pounds	Pounds			
Australia-----			6,539,936	501,661	7,041,597			
Brazil-----				14,277	14,277			
Canada-----	181,246	856,721	2,039,675	560,018	2,599,693			
New Zealand-----	9,768	2,527	239,059	547,322	1,824,348			
Paraguay-----				22,908	35,203			
Uruguay-----			139,121		139,121			
Other countries-----	950	41,580	3,644,965	224,120	3,869,085			
			1,749,568	21,468	1,813,566			
Total-----	191,964	900,828	14,352,324	1,891,774	17,336,890			

Condemned in April 1936: Beef, 20,100 pounds; pork, 8,780 pounds; total, 28,880 pounds. Refused entry: Beef, 91,673 pounds; veal, 3,058 pounds; pork, 4,360 pounds; total, 99,091 pounds.

**SUMMARY OF TUBERCULOSIS-ERADICATION WORK IN  
COOPERATION WITH STATES, APRIL 1936**

State or Territory	Tuberculin tests during month		Total to date				Inspector in charge	State official
	Cattle tested	Cattle re-accted	Modified accredited counties	Once-tested-free herds	Accredited herds	Herds under supervision		
Ala.	10,302	26	No. 67	Pct. 100	270,875	187	271,062	R. E. Jackson
Ariz.	8,028	0	14	100	12,236	3	12,593	F. L. Schneider
Ark.	3,049	6	75	100	249,301	3	249,307	A. W. Rice
Calif.	117,202	4,308	8	14	72,893	81	116,428	W. E. Howe
Colo.	7,946	42	63	100	60,611	17	60,846	A. H. Francis
Conn.	34,520	198	8	100	6,025	12,860	20,608	R. L. Smith
Del.	4,998	22	3	100	5,371	2,266	7,706	E. B. Simonds
D. C.	0	0	1	100	45	2	47	A. E. Wright
Fla.	3,296	9	67	100	39,887	78	39,991	T. W. Cole
Ga.	1,771	0	159	100	241,750	19	241,769	A. L. Hirleman
Idaho	6,319	11	44	100	51,177	30	51,270	John T. Dallas
Ill.	115,238	589	102	100	231,395	5,764	241,621	J. J. Lintner
Ind.	13,035	100	92	100	182,541	1,009	187,397	H. Busman
Iowa	148,944	777	99	100	169,600	594	196,660	J. A. Barger
Kans.	3,063	22	105	100	170,358	612	171,052	N. L. Townsend
Ky.	6,750	8	120	100	163,647	24	163,687	W. F. Biles
La.	2,271	30	64	100	148,692	7	148,750	W. A. McDonald
Maine	5,212	18	16	100	43,176	593	43,817	W. C. Dendering
Md.	19,199	106	11	48	27,176	14,890	53,586	E. B. Simonds
Mass.	24,567	145	14	100	12,830	11,617	25,109	E. A. Crossman
Mich.	43,496	93	83	100	206,917	63	207,087	T. S. Rich
Minn.	27,584	170	87	100	199,053	981	200,540	W. J. Fretz
Miss.	4,547	35	82	100	260,164	14	260,400	H. Robbins
Mo.	2,047	26	114	100	239,705	178	237,592	Ralph Graham
Mont.	2,385	4	56	100	72,268	99	72,536	J. W. Murdoch
Nebr.	216,340	1,028	91	98	112,500	37	114,216	J. O. Wilson
Nev.	5,764	13	17	100	3,417	6	3,441	R. A. Given
N. H.	22,922	30	10	100	255	17,525	17,794	E. A. Crossman
N. J.	25,630	211	17	33	3,557	16,297	20,182	J. R. Porteus
N. Mex.	3,648	11	31	100	22,104	8	25,450	F. L. Schneider
N. Y.	283,714	1,177	32	52	29,081	124,022	155,937	H. B. Leonard
N. C.	4,651	1	100	100	256,325	264	256,589	A. A. Husman
N. Dak.	3,024	11	50	176	154	5,172	88,643	H. H. Cohenour
Ohio	47,002	111	88	100	262,050	396	263,087	A. J. De Fosset
Oklahoma	20,495	51	77	100	276,338	76	276,417	L. J. Allen
Oreg.	7,263	77	36	100	120,179	1,564	121,782	S. B. Foster
Pa.	87,900	607	60	90	144,094	8,531	182,702	J. B. Reidy
R. I.	4,498	409	4	80	2,116	1,253	3,909	E. A. Crossman
S. C.	1,039	0	46	100	70,065	85	70,152	W. K. Lewis
S. Dak.	174,207	1,454	30	44	66,113	295	74,420	C. H. Hays
Tenn.	1,119	2	95	100	294,774	26	294,812	H. L. Fry
Tex.	3,590	20	254	100	492,227	147	535,802	H. L. Darby
Utah	2,964	15	29	100	46,555	127	46,712	F. E. Murray
Vt.	52,879	356	28	57	7,450	16,465	24,061	L. H. Adams
Va.	7,444	9	100	100	198,414	609	199,291	R. E. Brookbank
Wash.	22,031	169	39	100	72,191	60	76,475	J. C. Exline
W. Va.	5,627	13	55	100	113,964	580	114,570	H. M. Newton
Wis.	116,415	342	71	100	185,160	9,363	194,874	J. S. Healy
Wyo.	562	2	23	100	15,670	1	16,515	W. A. Sullivan
Hawaii	1,762	4	-----	-----	267	-----	267	Lewis Billikam
P. R.	9,494	83	1	-----	343	91	2,675	W. McPherson
Total	1,747,753	12,951	2,911	95	6,009,056	254,991	6,462,216	

<sup>1</sup> Not including parts of 2 counties.

<sup>2</sup> Not including 37 towns.

**SUMMARY OF BANG'S DISEASE WORK IN COOPERATION WITH  
STATES, APRIL 1936<sup>1</sup>**

State	Agglutination blood tests completed during month		Results of agglutination blood tests during month						Herds under supervision	Cattle on waiting list		
	Herds	Cattle	Herds containing infection	Total cattle in herds	Reactors	Negative						
						Herds	Cattle					
Alabama	318	23,517	219	19,979	1,324	99	3,538	2,376	2,691			
Arizona	169	2,590	33	1,161	108	136	1,429	853	2,000			
Arkansas	1,913	15,337	301	5,870	758	1,612	9,467	13,009	35,000			
California	10	742	3	411	9	7	331	39	300			
Colorado	21	1,246	10	1,025	48	11	221	109	2,181			
Connecticut	40	1,221	22	727	69	18	394	170	67			
Delaware	67	1,067	14	316	26	53	751	354				
Florida	562	12,206	198	8,862	951	308	3,344	2,403				
Georgia	329	11,357	163	7,611	804	166	3,746	2,246				
Idaho	1,301	14,387	538	8,040	912	765	6,347	10,301				
Illinois	1,152	16,085	400	7,046	1,141	752	9,039	7,660				
Indiana	1,170	15,413	343	5,758	982	827	9,655	11,196	5,276			
Iowa	830	15,339	436	9,796	1,940	394	5,543	7,058	69,243			
Kansas	485	12,228	222	7,158	1,050	263	5,070	1,536	12,362			
Kentucky	1,311	13,339	408	7,303	1,135	963	6,036	17,121				
Louisiana	530	16,051	199	11,575	1,550	331	4,476	1,878	4,000			
Maine	188	2,696	57	1,066	118	131	1,630	1,594	915			
Maryland	492	5,222	136	2,326	320	356	2,896	1,635	495			
Massachusetts	17	633	11	484	73	6	149	90	14			
Michigan	1,936	20,363	248	3,330	744	1,688	17,033	12,199	9,641			
Minnesota	3,343	52,937	1,148	22,290	3,290	2,195	30,647	38,354	8,460			
Mississippi	566	11,478	382	10,055	538	184	1,423	1,360				
Missouri	3,006	35,052	876	14,208	2,367	2,130	20,844	24,838				
Montana	537	9,424	105	3,513	396	432	5,911	3,327	8,774			
Nebraska	398	7,992	212	5,435	978	186	2,557	2,593	7,462			
Nevada	315	3,163	265	2,239	300	50	924	746	83			
New Hampshire	147	2,282	54	923	128	93	1,359	917	1,847			
New Jersey	40	3,310	21	2,753	109	19	557	161				
New Mexico	186	4,307	40	2,311	155	146	1,996	2,065	5,000			
New York	570	13,186	297	8,635	627	273	4,551	1,538	8,440			
North Carolina	433	8,909	119	3,885	268	314	5,024	2,537	878			
North Dakota	430	7,529	96	2,432	499	334	5,097	4,888				
Ohio	1,687	20,185	483	7,202	1,297	1,204	12,983	22,529	3,874			
Oklahoma	2,009	48,113	870	32,052	2,939	1,130	16,061	14,247	99,719			
Oregon	2,585	33,815	300	13,665	1,409	2,285	20,150	38,439				
Pennsylvania	1,275	20,260	208	5,178	729	1,067	15,082	14,871	19,869			
Rhode Island								16	31			
South Carolina	229	4,955	39	2,132	277	190	2,823	1,404				
South Dakota	50	1,213	30	885	131	20	328	137	9,827			
Tennessee	923	16,634	545	12,565	811	378	4,069	2,900	2,267			
Texas	875	28,664	369	19,856	2,276	506	8,803	3,082	75,000			
Utah	1,793	12,819	281	4,703	681	1,512	8,116	9,858	27,010			
Vermont	70	2,659	29	1,456	.97	41	1,203	190	216			
Virginia	9,031	43,540	469	8,416	1,046	8,562	35,124	44,708	60,000			
Washington	3,153	31,840	621	12,255	2,356	2,532	19,585	23,805				
West Virginia	2,201	13,127	79	1,546	173	2,122	11,581	14,534	2,500			
Wisconsin	3,065	61,388	716	17,070	2,196	2,349	44,318	35,753	54,260			
Wyoming	278	10,014	91	6,613	450	187	3,401	1,002				
Total	51,985	709,734	12,706	334,117	40,575	39,279	375,617	404,626	539,702			

<sup>1</sup> Officials in charge of Bang's disease work are the same as those listed in summary of tuberculosis-eradication work.

**BIOLOGICAL PRODUCTS PREPARED UNDER LICENSES, APRIL 1936**

*Anti-hog-cholera serum*

Period	Preserved	Completed	Released	Destroyed
	<i>Cc</i>	<i>Cc</i>	<i>Cc</i>	<i>Cc</i>
April 1936	59,778,136	52,956,729	41,035,475	162,080
April 1935		30,344,487	55,023,760	153,366
10 months ended:				
April 1936		400,466,564	508,343,145	1,824,871
April 1935		416,681,260	446,037,015	2,085,853

*Hog-cholera virus*

Period	Produced			Destroyed	
	Simulta-neous	Hyperim-munizing	Inoculat-ing	Simulta-neous	Hyperim-munizing
April 1936-----	<i>Cc</i> 4,653,327	<i>Cc</i> 13,897,478	<i>Cc</i> 65,843	<i>Cc</i> 157,125	<i>Cc</i> 378,025
April 1935-----	2,946,508	5,354,573	27,619	154,420	237,250
10 months ended:					
April 1936-----	37,822,740	86,750,478	444,953	1,634,300	3,203,005
April 1935-----	29,176,518	73,848,522	322,749	1,479,948	2,103,353

**INSPECTIONS AND TESTS IN THE PREPARATION OF BIOLOGICAL PRODUCTS UNDER LICENSES, APRIL 1936**

Period	Animal inspections	Animal rejections	Pigs inoculated	Hogs hypered	Tests supervised	
					Serum	Virus
April 1936-----	179,762	1,543	15,883	10,781	197	154
April 1935-----	89,615	823	7,656	4,270	103	108
10 months ended:						
April 1936-----	1,243,307	11,693	110,082	68,138	1,654	1,457
April 1935-----	1,169,946	8,309	97,665	59,921	1,695	1,230

**LICENSES ISSUED FOR BIOLOGICAL PRODUCTS, APRIL 1936**

License no. 6-A was issued April 1, 1936, to Pitman-Moore Co., Division of Allied Laboratories, Inc., near Zionsville, Ind. (mailing address, 1220 Madison Ave., Indianapolis, Ind.), for mixed bacterin (feline).

License no. 6-A was issued April 27, 1936, to Pitman-Moore Co., Division of Allied Laboratories, Inc., near Zionsville, Ind. (mailing address, 1220 Madison Ave., Indianapolis, Ind.), for equine-abortion bacterin.

License no. 17 was issued April 24, 1936, to Beebe Laboratories, Inc., Larpen-tour Avenue and White Bear Car Line, St. Paul, Minn. (mailing address, P. O. box 3533, St. Paul, Minn.), for fowl-typhoid mixed bacterin.

License no. 21 was issued April 9, 1936, to Continental Serum Laboratories Co., Isett Avenue, Muscatine, Iowa, for autogenic bacterin; blackleg bacterin; blackleg filtrate; blackleg vaccine; colon bacterin (bovine); hemorrhagic-septicemia bacterin; influenza mixed bacterin (equine); mastitis mixed bacterin (bovine); mixed bacterin (avian); mixed bacterin (bovine); mixed bacterin (swine); navel-ill mixed bacterin (equine); polyvalent mixed bacterin (equine).

License no. 21 was issued April 29, 1936, to Continental Serum Laboratories Co., Isett Avenue, Muscatine, Iowa, for autogenic bacterin; blackleg aggressin (cultural); blackleg bacterin; blackleg vaccine; colon bacterin (bovine); hemorrhagic-septicemia bacterin; influenza mixed bacterin (equine); mastitis mixed bacterin (bovine); mixed bacterin (avian); mixed bacterin (bovine); mixed bacterin (swine); navel-ill mixed bacterin (equine); polyvalent mixed bacterin (equine).

License no. 52 was issued April 14, 1936, to Cutter Laboratories, Fourth and Parker Streets, Seventh Street and Dwight Way, and Eighth Street and Dwight Way, Berkeley, Calif. (mailing address, Fourth and Parker Sts.), for gonadin serum.

License no. 107 was issued April 2, 1936, to the Jensen-Salsbury Laboratories, Inc., Twenty-first and Penn Streets, Kansas City, Mo., and Eleventh Street and Douglas Avenue, Kansas City, Kans. (mailing address, 21st and Penn Sts., Kansas City, Mo.), for anthrax aggressin; anthrax spore vaccine; antianthrax serum; anti-calf-scour serum; anti-canine-distemper serum; antiencephalomyelitis serum (equine); anti-enteritis serum (swine); anti-hemorrhagic-septicemia serum; anti-hog-cholera serum; anti-influenza serum (equine); antimastitis serum (bovine); anti-mixed-infection serum (canine); anti-mixed-infection serum (feline); anti-navel-ill serum (equine); anti-swine-erysipelas serum; autogenous bacterin; avian tuberculin; blackleg aggressin (cultural); blackleg aggressin (natural);

blackleg bacterin; botulinus antitoxin; bovine-abortion vaccine; calf-scours mixed bacterin; canine-distemper vaccine; canine-distemper virus; cholera-typhoid bacterin (avian); contagious-ecthyma vaccine (sheep); encephalomyelitis vaccine (equine); enteritis mixed bacterin (swine); equine-abortion bacterin; equine-influenza bacterin (mixed); fowl-pox vaccine; hemorrhagic-septicemia aggressin; hemorrhagic-septicemia bacterin; hog-cholera virus; johnin; keratitis mixed bacterin (bovine); mallein; mastitis mixed bacterin (bovine); metritis mixed bacterin (bovine); mixed bacterin (avian); mixed bacterin (canine); mixed bacterin (cat); mixed bacterin (ovine); mixed bacterin (rabbits); navel-ill mixed bacterin (equine); normal bovine serum; normal horse serum; pneumonia mixed bacterin (bovine); pneumonia mixed bacterin (swine); polyvalent mixed bacterin (equine); rabies vaccine; staphylococcus bacterin (canine); tetanus antitoxin; tetanus toxoid; tuberculin.

License no. 200 was issued April 16, 1936, to E. K. Glover Laboratories, rooms 8, 9, and 10, Wheeler Building, 4050 Broadway, Kansas City, Mo., for autogenous bacterin; mixed bacterin (avian); mixed bacterin (bovine); mixed bacterin (cuniculi); mixed bacterin (ovine); mixed bacterin (swine).

#### LICENSES TERMINATED, APRIL 1936

License no. 21, issued April 4, 1933, to Continental Serum Laboratories Co., Isett Avenue, Muscatine, Iowa, was terminated April 9, 1936, because of the discontinuance of production of blackleg aggressin and the change in name of anti-influenza mixed bacterin (equine).

License no. 21, issued April 9, 1936, to Continental Serum Laboratories Co., Isett Avenue, Muscatine, Iowa, was terminated April 29, 1936, because of the change in name of blackleg filtrate to blackleg aggressin (cultural).

License no. 107, issued October 11, 1935, to The Jensen-Salsbury Laboratories, Inc., Twenty-first and Penn Streets, Kansas City, Mo., was terminated April 2, 1936, because of the discontinuance of production of antiabortion serum (bovine), antiblackleg serum, anti-mixed-infection serum (avian), blackleg aggressin, canine-distemper antigen, infectious-rhinitis mixed bacterin (swine), pul-lorin, and white-scour mixed bacterin (bovine).

License no. 200, issued December 15, 1931, to E. K. Glover Laboratories, Wheeler Building, 4050 Broadway, Kansas City, Mo., was terminated April 16, 1936, because of a change in location of the establishment.

#### PROCEEDINGS UNDER THE PACKERS AND STOCKYARDS ACT

*Docket no. 518.—In re Fort Worth Poultry & Egg Co.*, Fort Worth, Tex. The Acting Secretary of Agriculture on January 11, 1936, issued an inquiry alleging that respondent had violated the Packers and Stockyards Act in connection with handling poultry and eggs in commerce. A hearing was held beginning on February 17 at Wichita Falls, Tex., at which time respondent appeared by counsel and the testimony of several witnesses was introduced. It was agreed at the hearing that a Government accountant would have access to respondent's records and make an investigation and report to the respondent. The accountant made an audit covering the period from December 21, 1934, to March 21, 1935, and submitted his report. As the evidence in this case does not show any violation of the act with sufficient certainty to warrant the issuance of a cease and desist order and the president of the respondent company, who controls its policies, testified that, irrespective of whether the acts complained of ever occurred or not, in the future there would be no violation of the act, the case was dismissed on May 22.

*Docket no. 524.—In re A. L. Fitzsimmons v. Farmers Union Livestock Commission, Inc.*, Denver, Colo. The Acting Secretary of Agriculture on April 25, 1936, dismissed this case as there was no evidence brought out to support the complainant's claim for reparation. Counsel for complainant on May 1 filed a petition for rehearing, alleging that the decision had been rendered without due consideration of the facts. Since this request for a rehearing was submitted, the entire record has been reconsidered and it is found that the Acting Secretary's decision is in accord with the facts and the law, therefore, the petition for rehearing was denied in an order issued by the Acting Secretary on May 11.

*Docket no. 535.—In re Russel Marker*, Springfield, and other Ohio and Kentucky markets. The Acting Secretary of Agriculture on March 4, 1936, issued an inquiry alleging that respondent had violated the Packers and Stockyards Act in that he had failed, neglected, and refused to execute and maintain a reasonable

bond to suitable trustees or to furnish any other form of satisfactory indemnity to secure the performance of his obligations incurred as a dealer. On March 23 respondent admitted the truth of the matters and things alleged and waived a hearing thereon. On May 15 respondent was ordered to cease and desist from doing business as a dealer without executing and maintaining a reasonable bond or furnishing some other form of satisfactory indemnity to secure the performance of his obligations, and was suspended from registration as a dealer for a period of 6 months with leave, however, during said period to apply for revocation of this suspension upon filing a reasonable bond or furnishing other satisfactory indemnity.

*Docket no. 539.—In re Elger J. Pfeiderer*, Mount Vernon and other Ohio and West Virginia markets. The Acting Secretary of Agriculture on March 25, 1936, issued an inquiry alleging that respondent had violated the Packers and Stockyards Act in that he had failed, neglected, and refused to execute and maintain a reasonable bond to suitable trustees or to furnish any other form of satisfactory indemnity to secure the performance of his obligations incurred as a dealer. On April 27 respondent admitted the truth of the matters and things alleged and waived hearing thereon. On May 21 respondent was ordered to cease and desist from doing business as a dealer without executing and maintaining a reasonable bond or furnishing other satisfactory indemnity to secure the performance of his obligations, and was suspended from registration as a dealer for a period of 6 months with leave, however, during said period to apply for revocation of this suspension upon filing a reasonable bond or furnishing other satisfactory indemnity.

*Docket no. 540.—In re Lee Salisbury*, Washington Court House and other Ohio markets. The Acting Secretary of Agriculture on April 10, 1936, issued an inquiry alleging that respondent had violated the Packers and Stockyards Act in that he had failed, neglected, and refused to execute and maintain a reasonable bond to suitable trustees or to furnish any other form of satisfactory indemnity to secure the performance of his obligations incurred as a market agency. On April 28 respondent admitted the truth of the matters and things alleged and waived a hearing thereon. On May 15 respondent was ordered to cease and desist from doing business as a market agency without executing and maintaining a reasonable bond or furnishing some other form of satisfactory indemnity to secure the performance of his obligations and was suspended from registration as a market agency for a period of 6 months with leave, however, during said period to apply for revocation of this suspension upon filing a reasonable bond or furnishing other satisfactory indemnity.

*Docket no. 541.—In re The Ozark Commission Co.*, Springfield, Mo. The Acting Secretary of Agriculture on April 23, 1936, issued an inquiry alleging that respondent had violated the Packers and Stockyards Act in that it had failed, neglected, and refused to execute and maintain a reasonable bond to suitable trustees or to furnish any other form of satisfactory indemnity to secure the performance of its obligations incurred as a market agency. On May 6 respondent filed a proper bond and on May 14 admitted the truth of the matters and things alleged and waived a hearing thereon. On May 28 respondent was ordered to cease and desist from doing business as a market agency without executing and maintaining a reasonable bond or furnishing any other form of satisfactory indemnity to secure the performance of its obligations.

#### Stockyards Posted

The Jones-Neuhoff Stock Yards located at Atlanta, Ga., was posted as coming within the jurisdiction of the Packers and Stockyards Act on April 25, 1936.

#### TRANSPORTATION ON PERMANENT CHANGE OF STATION<sup>1</sup>

An employee transferred from one official station to another for permanent duty, not for his own convenience, may be allowed his traveling expenses and charges for packing, crating, drayage, transportation, uncrating, and unpacking of his household goods and personal effects, including animals for domestic use, and personal property, which will be used in official work at the new station, excluding motor vehicles, whether the shipment is from the old post to the new,

<sup>1</sup> Amendment to par. 37 of the Fiscal Regulations.

or from a previous post to the new, or, if specifically authorized by the Secretary of Agriculture, partly from the old post and partly from some previous post to the new. The authorization must be in writing, may be issued by a chief of Bureau; regional forester, Forest Service; district engineer, Bureau of Public Roads; or regional conservator, Soil Conservation Service; and must state that the transfer was not for the employee's convenience. The transportation of property may be authorized only within 1 year after the date such officer is permanently assigned to an official station within the continental limits of the United States and within 3 years after the date such officer is permanently assigned to an official station outside the continental limits of the United States, except that in special cases where in the judgment of the Secretary of Agriculture the facts warrant he may authorize such shipment subsequently notwithstanding the expiration of the specified period. The term "official station" includes a suburb of the city in which located. The shipment shall be by the least expensive means, including truck or van where practicable, taking into account all allowable costs above specified, but express may be used for perishable articles or those required for immediate use at the new post, as wearing apparel, tableware, bedding, and kitchen utensils (not furniture or jewelry), where alternative transportation would be inconveniently slow. Freight shipments should be on Government bills of lading with release to the lowest valuation, which must be specified. Carload rates should be secured where cheaper. Competition is required when the amounts exceed \$50 for (1) packing and crating, (2) drayage, (3) truck, or van transportation, and (4) uncrating and unpacking.

#### LONG-DISTANCE TELEPHONE CALLS<sup>2</sup>

Long-distance calls may be made only when the nature of the business to be transacted is urgent, cannot be adequately transacted by mail or telegraph, or is of such a character as to require personal contact. Within these limitations, any employee whose duties necessitate expenditures for telephone calls is authorized to incur expense for official long-distance messages, subject to the discretion of the officer in responsible charge of the unit to which such employee may be attached. Except in unusual circumstances, all official long-distance telephone calls shall be made on a station-to-station basis and not on a person-to-person basis.

Toll charges in excess of 50 cents for long-distance telephone calls on official business will be allowed only when a certificate is furnished showing:

1. Bureau.
2. Division.
3. Name of person making call.
4. Name of party with whom communication was held.
5. Points between which service was rendered.
6. Date of call.
7. Number of minutes.
8. Charge as to initial period, additional minutes, and total.
9. Type of call (station-to-station, person-to-person, report charge, messenger).
10. Statement that the call was on official business.

Employees making an administrative examination of accounts are instructed to suspend from vouchers any toll charge for a call exceeding 50 cents unless such a certificate signed by an authorized administrative officer is attached. Failure to furnish a certificate promptly shall be reported to the proper administrative officer.

Telephone calls made in the field may be reversed and charged to the unit called, provided such call is official and the reversal is acceptable to the officer in responsible charge of the unit called. In such instances the party accepting the call will be responsible for the submission of the certificate. Certificates on reverse calls received in Washington will be prepared by the telephone operator.

<sup>2</sup> Amendment to par. 729 of the Administrative Regulations. This amendment becomes effective July 1, 1936. The procedure to be followed is outlined in Budget and Finance Circular No. 24, dated May 22, 1936, a copy of which has been sent to all field stations. Additional copies may be obtained on form P-1 requisition.

### NEW PUBLICATIONS OF THE BUREAU

[The Bureau keeps no mailing list for sending publications to individual employees but sends copies to officers in charge of stations and offices. These publications should be regarded as notification copies. So far as possible additional copies will be furnished on request.]

Amendment 10 to B. A. I. Order 211, revised. Amendment to Regulation 18, B. A. I. Order 211, revised (Regulations Governing the Meat Inspection of the United States Department of Agriculture). To be effective on and after September 16, 1936. P. 1.

Amendment 10 to B. A. I. Order 354. Declaring Names of Counties Placed in Modified Accredited Areas for Tuberculosis. Effective May 1, 1936. P. 1, mimeographed.

Amendment 1 to B. A. I. Order 358. Rule 1, revision 34 (To Prevent the Spread of Splenetic or Tick Fever in Cattle). Releasing from quarantine that part known as the mainland of Galveston County, Tex. Effective June 1, 1936. P. 1, mimeographed.

Farmers' Bulletin 1652 (revised). Diseases and Parasites of Poultry. By John S. Buckley (deceased), Hubert Bunyea, Pathological Division, and Eloise B. Cram (resigned), Zoological Division. Pp. 70, figs. 28.

Cook Pork and its Products Thoroughly. Poster in two colors, 11 by 13½ inches.

### ORGANIZATION OF THE BUREAU OF ANIMAL INDUSTRY

*Chief:* JOHN R. MOHLER.

*Assistant Chief:* A. W. MILLER.

*Assistant Chief:* HARRY W. SCHOENING.

*Assistant Chief:* PAUL E. HOWE.

*Business Manager:* J. R. COHRAN.

*Assistant Business Manager:* N. A. OLSTEAD.

*Assistant to Chief:* D. S. BURCH.

*Animal Husbandry Division:* H. C. MCPHEE, Chief.

*Animal Nutrition Division:* PAUL E. HOWE, Chief.

*Biochemical Division:* ROBERT M. CHAPIN, Chief.

*Division of Tick Eradication and Special Diseases:* W. M. MACKELLAR, Chief.

*Division of Virus-Serum Control:* D. I. SKIDMORE, Chief.

*Field Inspection Division:* G. W. POPE, Chief.

*Meat Inspection Division:* E. C. JOSS, Chief.

*Packers and Stockyards Division:* A. W. MILLER, Chief.

*Pathological Division:* HARRY W. SCHOENING, Chief.

*Tuberculosis Eradication Division:* A. E. WIGHT, Chief.

*Zoological Division:* BENJAMIN SCHWARTZ, Chief.

*Animal Disease Station:* W. E. COTTON, Superintendent.

*Budget and Fiscal Section:* HARRY E. MORAN, in charge.

*Personnel:* GEORGE R. BROWN, in charge.







UNIVERSITY OF FLORIDA



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